

Antimicrobial activity of *Lactobacillus plantarum* LP_{LDL}[®] grown on different carbohydrates

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Background

Lactobacillus plantarum LP_{LDL}[®] is a probiotic with established cholesterol reducing activity in normal to mildly hypercholesterolaemic adults.

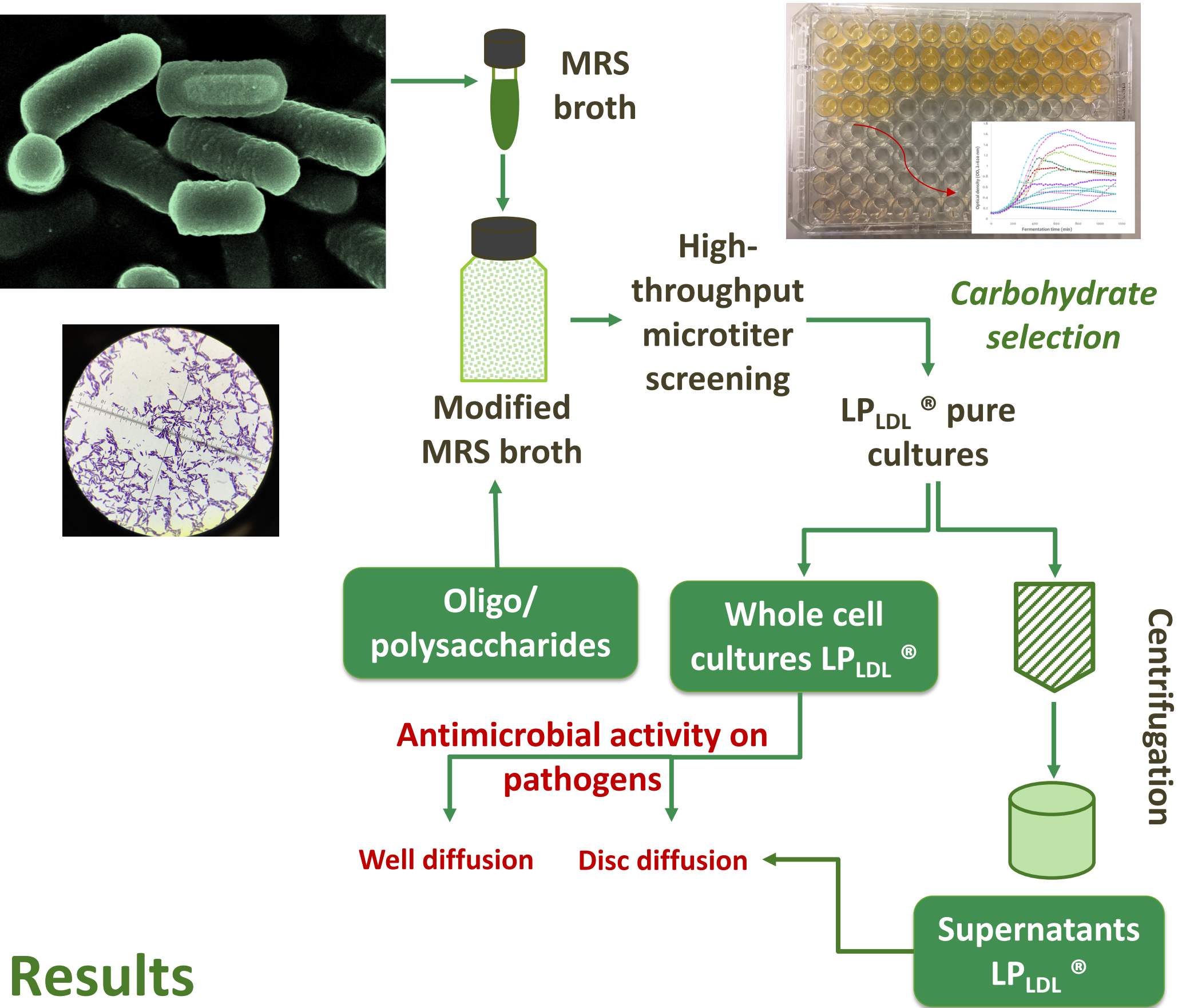
Objectives

Investigate the antimicrobial activity of *L. plantarum* LP_{LDL}[®], pre-grown on different carbohydrates, against a selection of pathogens of clinical relevance.

Methods

- Growth of *L. plantarum* LP_{LDL}[®] on 27 oligo/polysaccharides in pure culture.
- Carbohydrates supporting growth were further tested for their antimicrobial activity against several pathogens.
- The antimicrobial activity of cell free supernatants and whole culture preparations was assessed using the disk diffusion and the well diffusion assays.

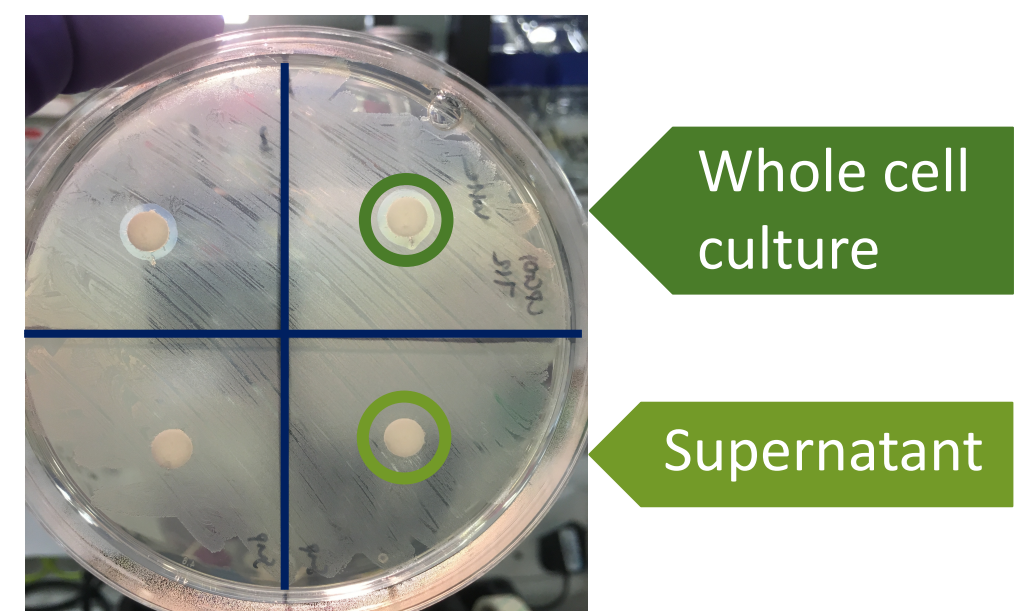
Lactobacillus plantarum LP_{LDL}[®]



Results

L. plantarum LP_{LDL}[®] demonstrated highest growth rates on cellobiose, fructo-oligosaccharides, gentiooligosaccharides and LP-GOS.

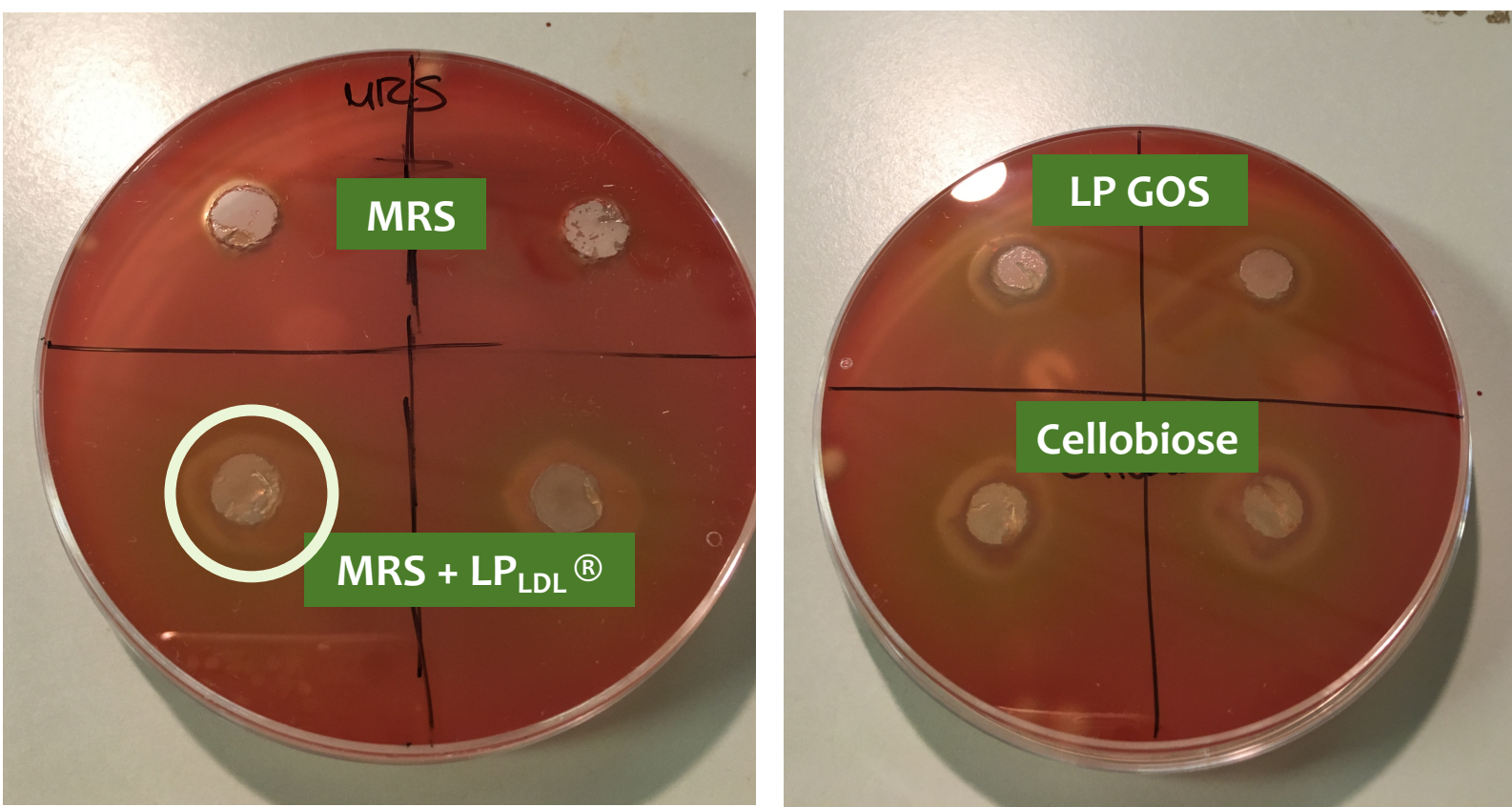
Disk diffusion assay using supernatants and whole cell cultures of *L. plantarum* LP_{LDL}[®]:



- Supernatants show no antimicrobial activity
- Effect may be cell associated

Culture supernatants did not demonstrate antimicrobial activity against any of the test pathogens.

Antimicrobial activity of *L. plantarum* LP_{LDL}[®] on *C. difficile* DSMZ 27147 using the well diffusion assay



Whole cell preparations displayed distinct clearance zones against *C. difficile* and all test pathogenic strains.

Antimicrobial activity of *L. plantarum* LP_{LDL}[®] on pathogens using the well diffusion assay

Strain	<i>Candida albicans</i> DSMZ 11949	<i>Shigella sonnei</i> DSMZ 25715	<i>Salmonella typhimurium</i>	<i>Escherichia coli</i> VT-0157:H7 VT-	<i>Escherichia coli</i> DSMZ 1103	<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> DSMZ 2570	<i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> NCTC 11168H	<i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> NCTC 11828	<i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> Dg105	<i>Clostridium difficile</i> DSMZ 27147
Negative control	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
LP-GOS	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cellobiose	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
GeOS	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
scFOS	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

LP-GOS: galactooligosaccharides synthesized using β -galactosidases from *L. plantarum* LP_{LDL}[®]; GeOS: gentiooligosaccharides

Future Research

The antimicrobial potential of *L. plantarum* LP_{LDL}[®] will be further evaluated against a selection of pathogens in complex models of the human colon.

Study Highlights

L. plantarum LP_{LDL}[®] demonstrated antimicrobial activity against both Gram negative and Gram positive pathogens of clinical importance:

- Activity was not pH associated
- Activity may be cell associated

L. plantarum LP_{LDL}[®] may have additional biological activities to cholesterol reduction